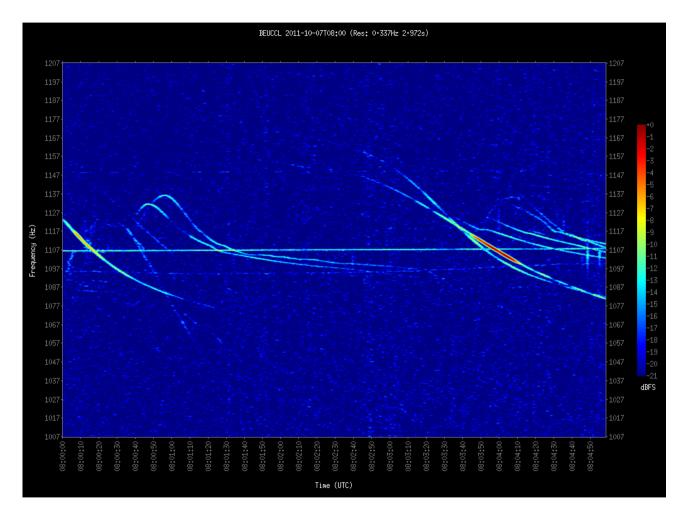
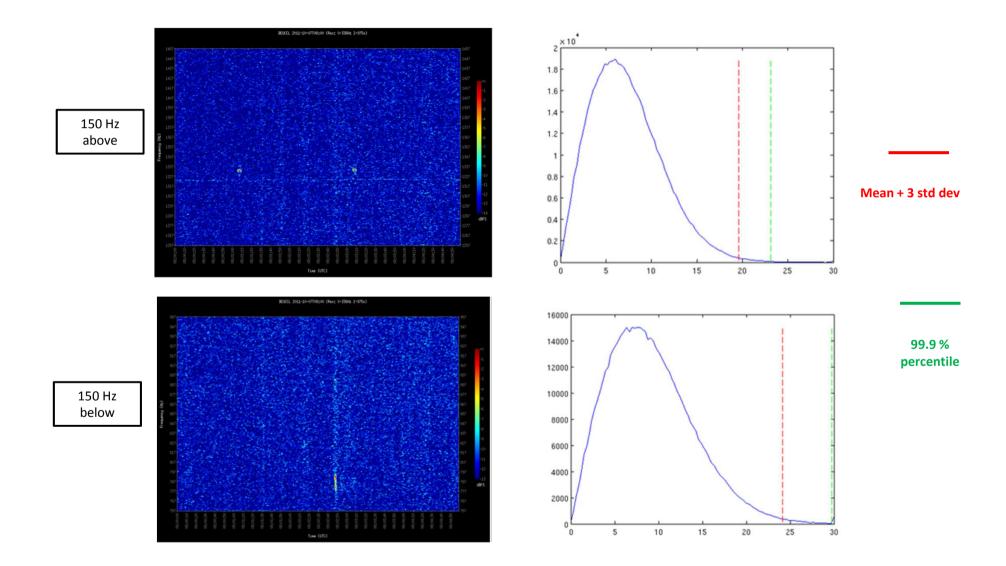
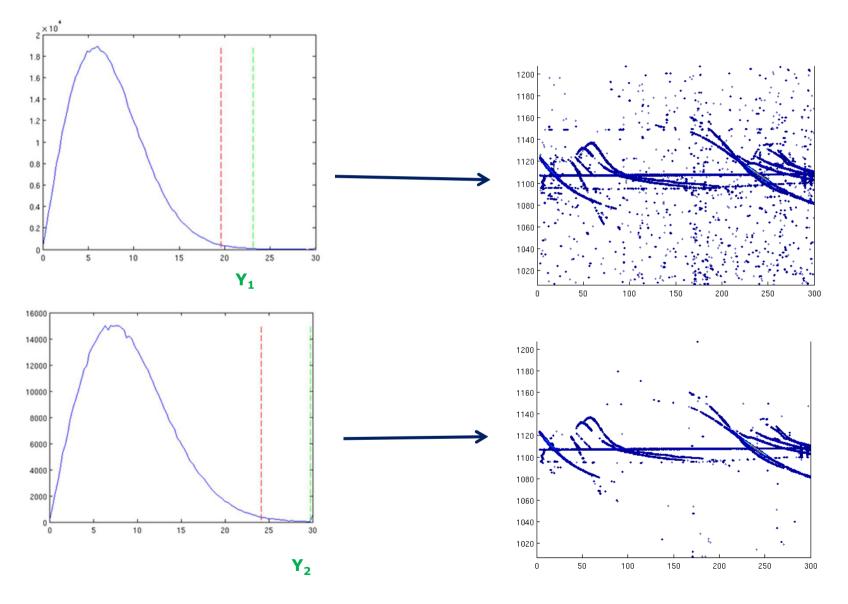
<u>Initial idea</u> : filter the noise by measuring it in a region of the spectrogram with no meteors / planes / beacon & apply the criterion « mean (noise) + 3 std dev (noise) »

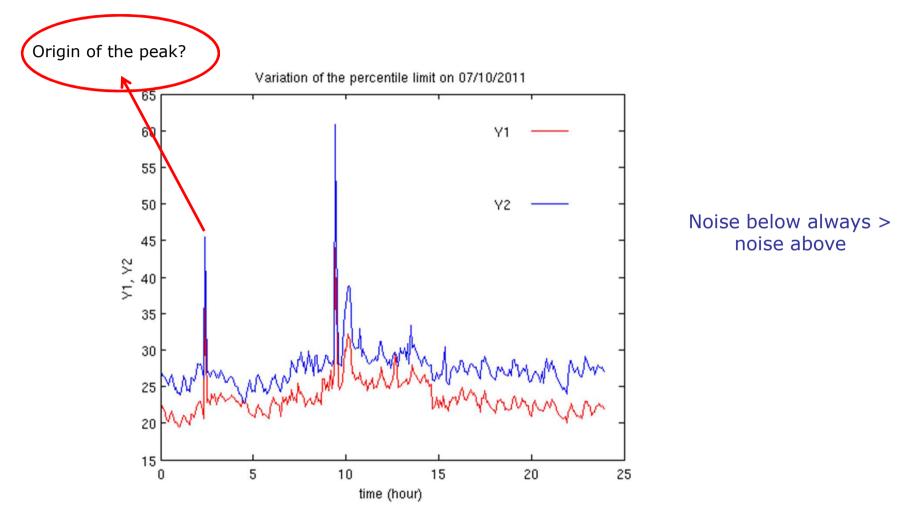


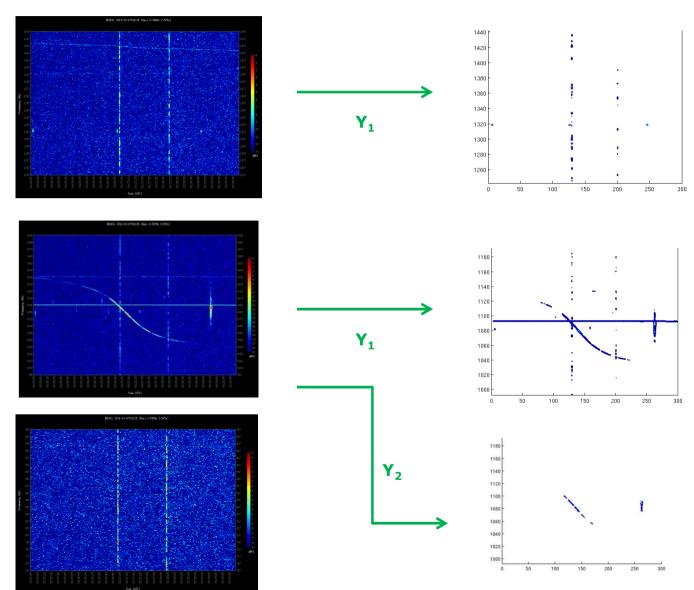


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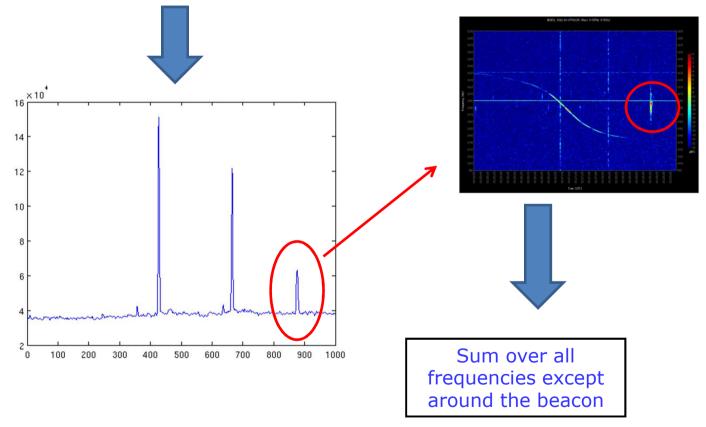




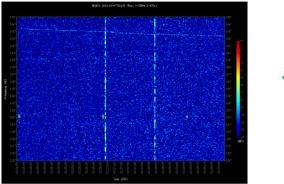


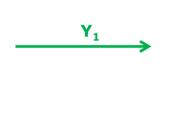
Solution : filter the broadband signals



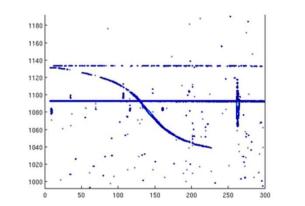


Solution : filter the broadband signals

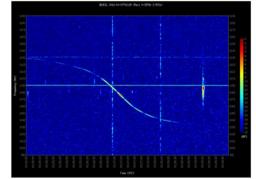




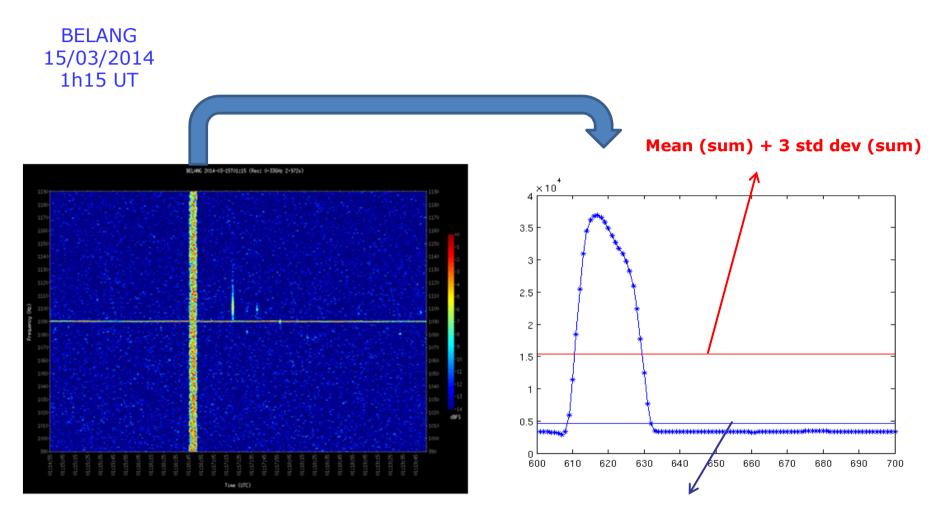
Y₂







Longer broadband parasitic signals

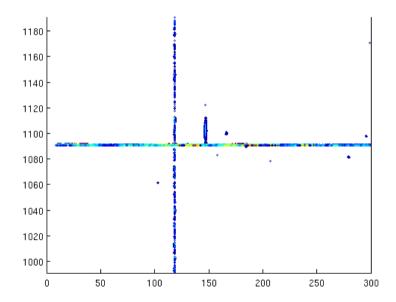


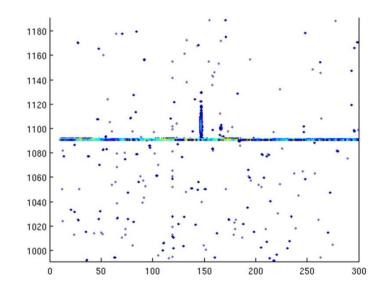
Mean (sum) + 3 std dev (sum) – peak values

Longer broadband parasitic signals

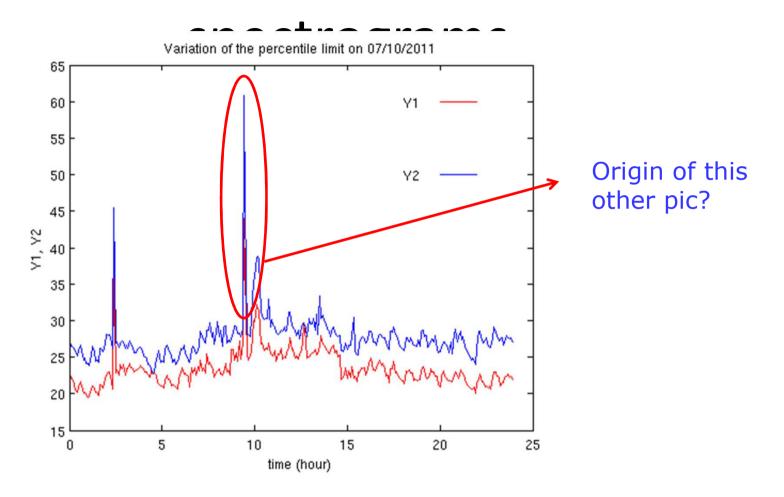
Mean (sum) + 3 std dev (sum) - peak values

Mean (sum) + 3 std dev (sum)

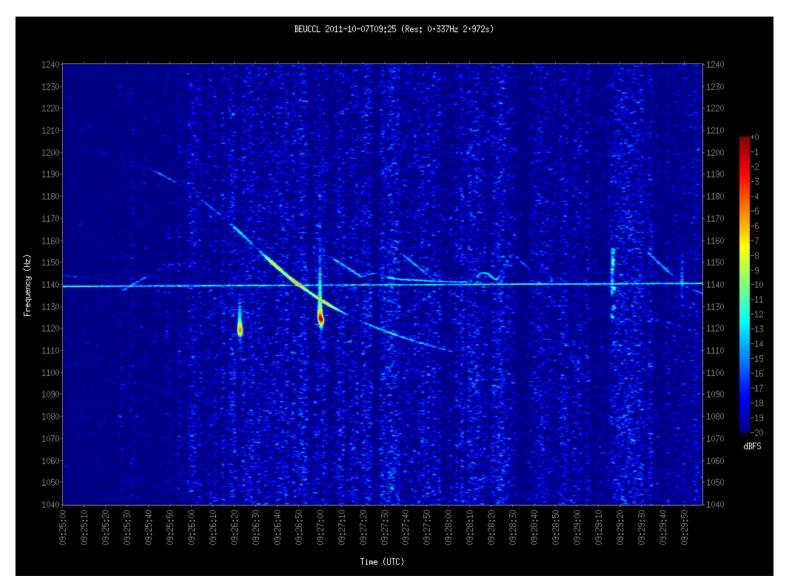




Analysis of the noise in

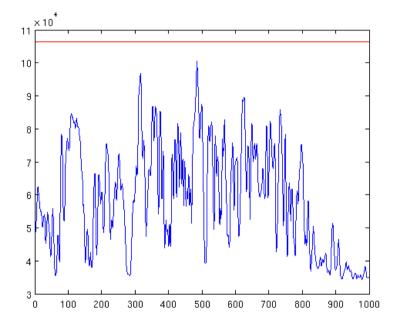


Analysis of the noise in



In this case... method fails!

Mean (sum) + 3 std dev (sum)

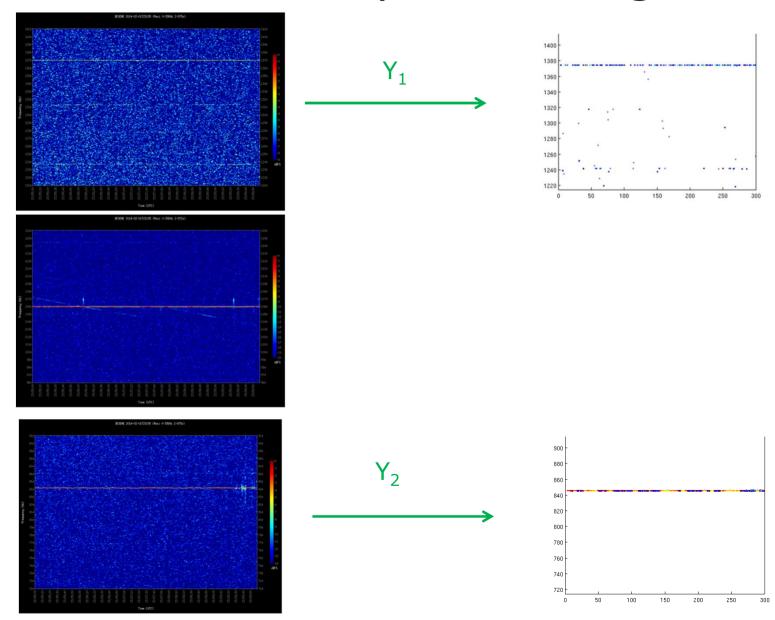


×

Nothing is actually filtered but ...

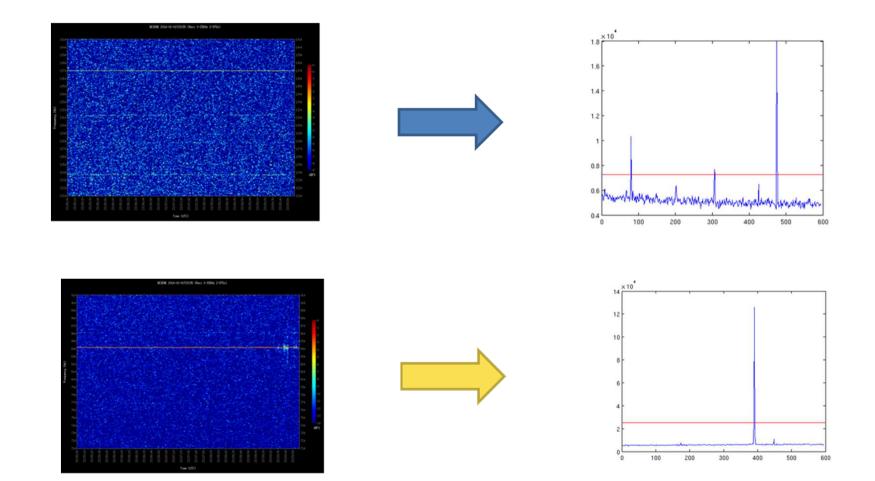
result is not so bad !

Horizontal parasitic signals

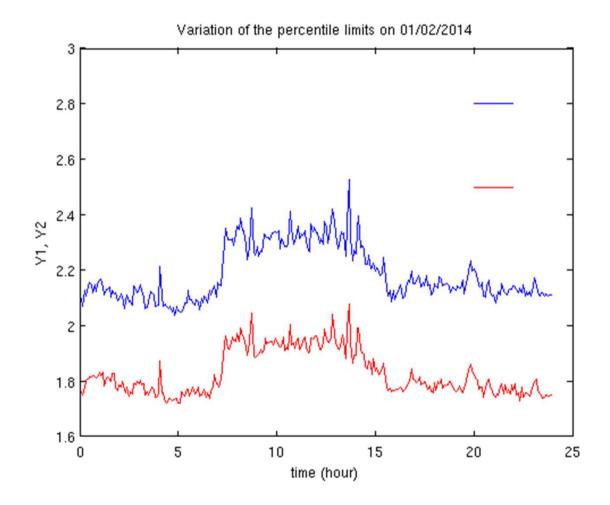


Solution : « filter » these signals

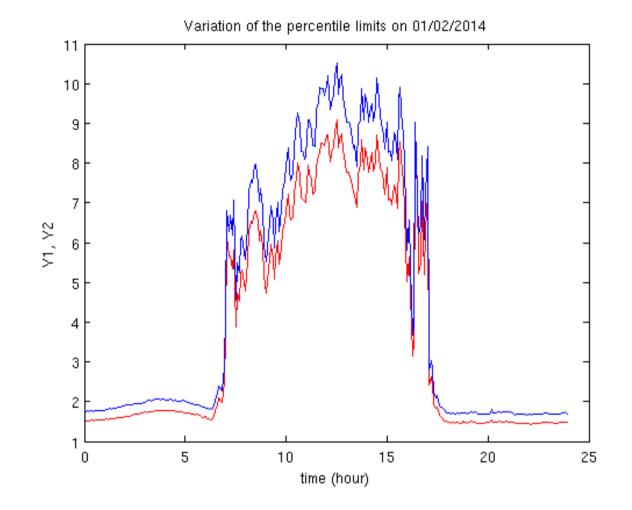
Sum along lines (time) & apply a criterion « mean (sum)+3 std deviation (sum)



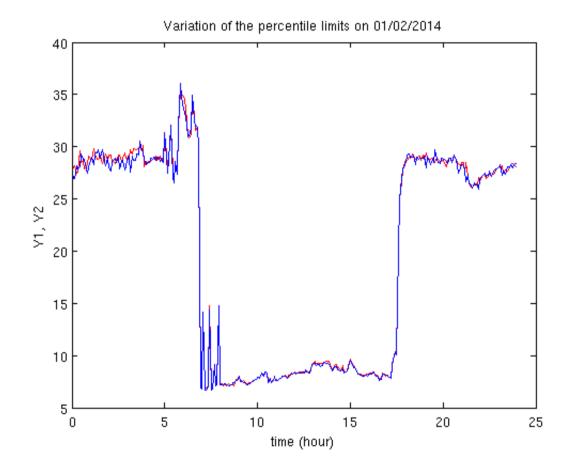
Results for BEKAMP



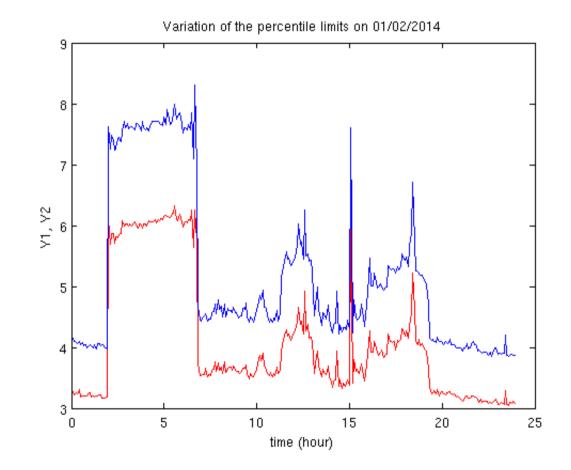
Results for BELANG



Results for FREPIN



Results for BEJALH



Preliminary conclusions

- Method seems to work to select mostly signals
- Remaining noise is mostly isolated pixels (can be filtered with a surface criterion)
- Criterion : mean(sum) + 3 std dev (sum) could be improved (replaced by a percentile as well)
- Interquartile range instead of 99.9% percentile?
- Test with head echoes